

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1

PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Trade Name: UNI-WELD LOW-VOC CLEAR CLEANER
Product No.: 7366S, 7356S, 7346S, 7336S, 7324
Product Use: Cleaner for cementing plastic pipe.
Formula: See SECTION 2
Synonyms: Cleaner
Firm Name & Mailing Address: UNITED ELICHEM IND. c/o OATEY CO. 4700 West 160th Street
P.O. Box 35906 Cleveland, Ohio 44135, U.S.A.
<http://www.elchem.com>, <http://www.oatey.com>
Oatey Phone Number: (216) 267-7100 or (800) 321-9532
Emergency Phone Numbers: For Emergency First Aid call 1-877-740-5015. For chemical transportation emergencies ONLY, call Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300. Outside the U.S. 1-703-527-3887.
Prepared By: Technical Department
Preparation Date: December 16, 2008

SECTION 2

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<u>INGREDIENTS:</u>	<u>%wt/wt:</u>	<u>CAS NUMBER:</u>	<u>ACGIH TLV TWA:</u>	<u>OSHA PEL TWA:</u>	<u>OTHER:</u>
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	60 - 100%	78-93-3	200 ppm 300 ppm STEL	200 ppm	None
Acetone	15 - 40%	67-64-1	500 ppm 750 ppm STEL	1000 ppm	None

OSHA Hazard Classification: Flammable, irritant, organ effects

SECTION 3

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:
Clear liquid with a sharp, penetrating odor. Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may cause flash fire. May cause eye and skin irritation. Inhalation of vapors or mist may cause respiratory irritation and central nervous system effects. Swallowing may cause irritation, nausea, vomiting or diarrhea. Aspiration hazard. May be fatal if swallowed. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 4

FIRST AID MEASURES

CALL 1-877-740-5015 or 1-303-623-5716 COLLECT

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash all exposed areas with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops. Remove dried cement with Oatey Plumber's Hand Cleaner or baby oil.

Eyes: If material gets into eyes or if fumes cause irritation, immediately flush eyes with water for 15 minutes. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

Inhalation: If symptoms of exposure develop, remove to fresh air. If breathing becomes difficult, administer oxygen. Administer artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Seek immediate medical attention.

Ingestion: **DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.** Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is unconscious or drowsy. Get immediate medical attention by calling a Poison Control Center, or hospital emergency room. If medical advice cannot be obtained, then take the person and product to the nearest medical emergency treatment center or hospital.

SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flashpoint / Method: 14 - 23 Degrees F. (-10 to -5 Degrees C) / CCCFP
Flammability: LEL = 1.8 % Volume, UEL = 11.8 % Volume
Extinguishing: Use dry chemical, CO2, or foam to extinguish fire. Cool fire
Media: exposed container with water. Water may be ineffective as an
extinguishing agent.
Special Fire: Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained
Fighting: breathing apparatus and full protective clothing for fires in
Procedure: areas where chemicals are used or stored
Unusual Fire and: Extremely flammable liquid. Keep away from heat and all
Explosion: sources of ignition including sparks, flames, lighted
Hazards: cigarettes and pilot lights. Containers may rupture or
explode in the heat of a fire. Vapors are heavier than air
and may travel to a remote ignition source and flash back.
Hazardous: Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including
Decomposition: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrogen chloride.
Products:

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill or: Remove all sources of ignition and ventilate area. Stop leak if it
Leak: can be done without risk. Personnel cleaning up the spill should
Procedures: wear appropriate personal protective equipment, including respirators
if vapor concentrations are high. Soak up spill with an inert
absorbent such as sand, earth or other non-combusting material. Put
absorbent material in covered, labeled metal containers. Prevent
liquid from entering watercourses, sewers and natural waterways.
Report releases to authorities as required. See Section 12 for
disposal information.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors
or mists. Use with adequate ventilation (equivalent to outdoors).
Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke in the
work area. Keep product away from heat, sparks, flames and all other
sources of ignition. No smoking in storage or use areas. Keep
containers closed when not in use.
Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible
materials. Keep containers closed when not in use.
Other: "Empty" containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Follow all MSDS precautions in handling empty containers. Do not cut
or weld on or near empty or full containers.

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ventilation: Open doors & windows. Provide ventilation capable of maintaining
emissions at the point of use below recommended exposure limits. If
used in enclosed area, use exhaust fans. Exhaust fans should be
explosion-proof or set up in a way that flammable concentrations of
solvent vapors are not exposed to electrical fixtures or hot
surfaces.
Respiratory: For operations where the exposure limit may be exceeded, a NIOSH
Protection: approved organic vapor respirator or supplied air respirator is
recommended. Equipment selection depends on contaminant type and
concentration, select in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 and good
industrial hygiene practice. For firefighting, use self-contained
breathing apparatus.
Skin: Rubber gloves are suitable for normal use of the product. For long
Protection: exposures chemical resistant gloves may be required such as
4H(tm) or Silver Shield(tm) to avoid prolonged skin contact.

Eye Protection: Safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles.
Other: Eye wash and safety shower should be available.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point: 176 Degrees F / 80 C
Melting Point: Not applicable
Vapor Pressure: 100 mmHg @ 25 Degrees C
Vapor Density: (Air = 1) 2.5
Volatile Components: 100%
Solubility In Water: Negligible
pH: Not applicable
Specific Gravity: 0.80 +/- 0.02
Evaporation Rate: (BUAC = 1) = 2.7
Appearance: Clear Liquid
Odor: Sharp, penetrating odor
Will Dissolve In: Methyl ethyl ketone
Material Is: Liquid

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable.
Conditions To Avoid: Avoid heat, sparks, flames and other sources of ignition.
Hazardous Decomposition: Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrogen chloride.
Incompatibility/Products: Oxidizing agents, alkalis, amines, ammonia, acids, chlorine compounds, chlorinated inorganics (potassium, calcium and sodium hypochlorite) and hydrogen peroxides. May attack plastic, resins and rubber.
Materials To Avoid: Will not occur.
Hazardous Polymerization:

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Inhalation: Vapors or mists may cause mucous membrane and respiratory irritation, coughing, headache, dizziness, dullness, nausea, shortness of breath and vomiting. High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression, narcosis and unconsciousness. May cause lung damage.
Skin: May cause irritation with redness, itching and pain. Methyl ethyl ketone may be absorbed through the skin causing effects similar to those listed under inhalation.
Eye: Vapors may cause irritation. Direct contact may cause irritation with redness, stinging and tearing of the eyes. May cause eye damage.
Ingestion: Swallowing may cause abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Aspiration during swallowing or vomiting can cause chemical pneumonia and lung damage.
Chronic Toxicity: Prolonged or repeated overexposure cause dermatitis and damage to the lungs and central nervous system.
Toxicity Data: Acetone: Oral rat LD50: 5,800 mg/kg
Inhalation rat LC50: 50,100 mg/m³/8 hours
Methyl Ethyl Ketone: Oral rat LD50: 2,737 mg/kg
Inhalation rat LC50: 23,500 mg/m³/8 hours
Skin rabbit LD50: 6,480 mg/kg
Sensitization: None of the components are known to cause sensitization.
Carcinogenicity: None of the components are listed as a carcinogen or suspect carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA.
Mutagenicity: Methyl ethyl ketone and acetone are generally thought not to be mutagenic.
Reproductive: Methyl ethyl ketone has been shown to cause embryofetal

Toxicity: toxicity and birth defects in laboratory animals. Acetone has been found to cause adverse developmental effects only when exposure levels cause other toxic effects to the mother.

Medical Conditions Aggravated By Exposure: Persons with pre-existing skin or lung disorders may be at increased risk from exposure to this product.

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This product is not expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms.
Methyl Ethyl Ketone: 96 hour LC50 for fish is greater than 100 mg/L.
Acetone: 96 hour LC50 for fish is greater than 100 mg/L.

VOC Information: This product emits VOC's (volatile organic compounds) in its use. Make sure that use of this product complies with local VOC emission regulations, where they exist.

VOC Level: Maximum 550 g/L per SCAQMD Test Method 316A

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal: Dispose in accordance with current local, state and federal regulations.

RCRA Hazardous Waste Number: U002, U159
EPA Hazardous Waste ID Number: D001, D035, F003, F005
EPA Hazard Waste Class: Ignitable Waste. Toxic Waste (Methyl Ethyl Ketone content)

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT	Less than 1 Liter (0.3 gal)	Greater than 1 Liter (0.3 gal)
UN/NA Number:	None	UN1993
Proper Shipping Name:	Consumer Commodity	Flammable Liquid, NOS (Methyl Ethyl Ketone, Acetone)
Hazard Class:	ORM-D	3
Packing Group:	None	PGII
Hazard Labels:	None	Flammable Liquid

IMDG	Less than 1 Liter (0.3 gal)	Greater than 1 Liter (0.3 gal)
UN Number:	UN1993	UN1993
Proper Shipping Name:	Flammable Liquid, NOS (Limited Quantity)	Flammable Liquid, NOS (Methyl Ethyl Ketone, Acetone)
Hazard Class:	3	3
Packing Group:	II	II
Label:	None (Limited Quantities are excepted from labeling)	Class 3 (Flammable Liquid)

Flashpoint (deg C) -10 to -5 Degrees C -10 to -5 Degrees C
2008 North American Emergency Response Guidebook Number: 127

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Hazard Category for Section 311/312: Acute Health, Flammable

Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances (TPQ): This product does not contain chemicals regulated under SARA Section 302.

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals: This product does not contain chemicals subject to SARA Title III Section 313 Reporting requirements.

CERCLA 103 Reportable Quantity: Spills of this product over the RQ (reportable quantity) must be reported to the National Response Center. The RQ for the product, based on the RQ for Methyl Ethyl Ketone (100% maximum) of 5,000 lbs, is 5,000 lbs. Many states have more stringent release

reporting requirements. Report spills required under federal, state and local regulations.

California Proposition 65: This product does not contain any chemicals subject To California Proposition 65 regulation.

TSCA Inventory: All of the components of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory.

Canadian WHIMS Classification: Class B, Division 2; Class D, Division 2, Subdivision B; Class D, Division 2, Subdivision A. This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA and HMIS

NFPA Hazard Signal: Health: 1 Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 0 Special: None

HMIS Hazard Signal: Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 0 PPE: G

DISCLAIMER

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